
django-lazy-tags Documentation

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A Django app for loading template tags over AJAX after a page has loaded.

CHAPTER 1

Installation

1. Install via pip

```
pip install django-lazy-tags
```

2. Add to installed apps

```
INSTALLED_APPS = (
    # ...
    'lazy_tags',
)
```

3. Add the lazy tags urls to your root urlconf.

```
urlpatterns = patterns('',
    # ...
    url(r'^lazy_tags/', include('lazy_tags.urls')),
)
```


CHAPTER 2

Usage

First, load the `lazy_tags` library in your templates.

```
{% load lazy_tags %}
```

Then, call the `lazy_tag` template tag passing your tag name as the first parameter. The format is `tag_library.tag_name` where `tag_library` is what you would load at the top of the page (e.g. `my_tags`) and `tag_name` is the name of your template tag (e.g. `my_template_tag`). After the first argument to `lazy_tag` simply pass the rest of the args and kwargs just as you would pass them to your own tag.

This:

```
{% load my_tags %}

{% my_template_tag arg1 arg2 kw1='hello' kw2='world' %}
```

Becomes this:

```
{% load lazy_tags %}

{% lazy_tag 'my_tags.my_template_tag' arg1 arg2 kw1='hello' kw2='world' %}
```

After placing your template tags in the template you still need to specify where you would like the AJAX JavaScript to output to the page. That is what the `lazy_tags_js` tag is for:

```
{% block js-additional %}
  {% lazy_tags_js %}
{%- endblock %}
```

This will spit out the JavaScript required to run the AJAX. The JavaScript changes depending on your `LAZY_TAGS_AJAX_JS` setting.

CHAPTER 3

The lazy_tag decorator

django-lazy-tags also includes a decorator that can be used on template tags that use `simple_tag`. When using the `lazy_tag` decorator you can use your template tags exactly the same as before and they will use AJAX.

```
from lazy_tags.decorators import lazy_tag

@register.simple_tag
@lazy_tag
def show_user(pk):
    user = User.objects.get(pk=pk)
    return render_to_string('user/show_user.html', {
        'user': user,
    })
```

There are a few caveats with this method. First, the decorator currently only works with tags that use `simple_tag`. Hopefully this will work with `inclusion_tag` in the future. Secondly, the `lazy_tag` decorator must come *after* the `simple_tag` decorator.

CHAPTER 4

Settings

LAZY_TAGS_AJAX_JS The library to use to run AJAX. Options are 'javascript', 'jquery', or 'prototype'. Defaults to 'jquery'.

LAZY_TAGS_CACHE_TIMEOUT The timeout on each lazy tag cache. Defaults to 60 seconds (60 seconds).

LAZY_TAGS_ERROR_MESSAGE The error message to display if the AJAX request fails. Defaults to 'An error occurred.'

CHAPTER 5

Customizing the Loading Animation

This is the default HTML on the page before the AJAX request completes:

```
<div id="{{ tag_id }}" class="lazy-tag">
  <div class="lazy-tag-spinner-container"
       style="width: 100%; text-align: center;">
    
  </div>
</div>
```

To customize the loading animation, override the `lazy-tag`, `lazy-tag-spinner-container`, or `lazy-tag-spinner` classes in your CSS.

CHAPTER 6

Current Limitations

- Does not work with tags that take context.
- Template tag arguments must be serializable (str, unicode, int, float, etc.).